Good Buying Movement in Stocks Gladdens Wall-Streeters.

Sugar Trust Continues to Crawl Up. Making Millions for the Monopoly-Local Grain Still Active.

At New York, yesterday, money on call was easy at 1 per cent.

Prime mercantile paper, 3@51/2. Sterling exchange was firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.88\4.88% for demand and at \$4.87@4.87% for sixty days; posted rates, \$4.88@4.891/2; commercial bills, \$4,86@4,86%.

Silver certificates, 58%@59%c. Bar silver closed at 501/2c per cunce; at

London, 27 5-16d. Total sales of stocks amounted to 171,185 shares. The fact that no shipments of gold to Europe are to go out at present helped to steady the stock market yesterday. Lonfluctuations, and the advance on the day was 24. The general market was strong at the opening, followed by brief depres-sion, after which came a good buying movement, and prices advanced and held firm to the close, final sales being 14@3 above

Thursday's closing figures. Railway and miscellaneous bonds were quite strong in the late dealings. Government bonds were firm and State bonds were

The following table, prepared by James E. Berry, Room 16. Board of Trade, shows the range of quotations:

Open- High- Low- Closing. est. est. ing. Adams Express..... 150 Alton & Terre Haute.. ... 211/2 Alton & T. H., pref..... American Express..... 14 14% 12% Atchison 14 14% 12% Baltimore & Ohio..... 73% 73% 73% Canada Pacific...... 51 Chicago & Alton..... C., B. & Q...... 8014 80% 79% C. & E. I., pref...... 6514 6514 Chicago Gas.......... 6514 6514 64% C., C., C. & St. L.... 38 Dis. & C. F. Co...... 26 2714 26 2634 Edison Gen. Elec..... 4314 43% 42% Erie, pref..... Fort Wayne..... *150 Great North., pref..... 102 Hocking Valley Illinois Central...... 15¼ 15¼ 15¼ Louis. & New Albany ew Albany 8 Michigan Central..... Missouri Pacific..... 24 National Cordage..... National Cord., pref... New Jersey Central... 116% New York Central... 99% 99% 99% 99% N. Y. & N. E..... 11½ 12 11½ 12 Northern Pacific..... 181/4 181/4 Northwestern, pref.... 1614 1614 1614 doria, D. & E..... Rock Island....... 60½ 69¼ 69¼ 8t. Paul.......... 61% 62¼ 61% Rock Island 691/2 St. Paul, pref....... 87 90% 86 S. Express..... 7 7 7

The following table, compiled by Brad-street's, shows the total clearances at the principal cities and the percentage of increase or decrease, as compared with the corresponding week last year:

U. S. Fours, coup..... 114

Western Union...... 861/8 851/4 851/8

J. S. Fours, reg......

. St. L. & P., pref., 141/4 141/4 141/4 141/4

Wells-Fargo Express..

New York......\$305,175,059 Decrease..34.8 Chicago 83,444,355 Decrease...20.1 St. Louis...... 21,679,052 Decrease...17.4 San Francisco..... 13,835,136 Decrease...11. Baltimore 15,728,475 Increase...13. Ittsburg 11,961,965 Decrease..23.0 Incinnati 11,904,600 Decrease... 19.8 Buffalo 5,822,827 Decrease...28. Milwaukee 4.500,619 Decrense. .52,9 Detroit 5,371,146 Decrease...25.2 6,760,366 Decrease. .21. leveland 4,281,913 Decrease .. 31.0 Indianapolis 3,376,333 Decrease. 15.6 Columbus, O...... 3,427,900 Increase... 3.0

Total clearings in the United States for the week amounted to \$935,852,864, being a ecrease of 28.2 per cent. Total outside of New York was \$430,677,-865, a decrease of 18.2 per cent.

LOCAL GRAIN AND PRODUCE. A Cheerful Sun Revives Trade with

Prices Unusually Stendy. The mild temperature and cheerful sur of yesterday gave new life to trade, and, following a couple of dull days, it was highly appreciated by the wholesale men. In the dry-goods houses were numerous buyers and the millinery houses were unusually busy. Grocers are busy and prices surprisingly steady. Hardware men report trade improving. Eggs are not coming in freely. Poultry is steady and not in as active demand as last month. On Commis-

grumbling is heard. On all sides collections are reported as being better. The local grain market is more active. Wheat ruled yesterday the same as on Thursday, and oats, as well, but all grades of carn advanced 1/2c, the market closing firm. Track bids ruled as follows:

sion row more business is going on and less

Wheat-No. 2 red, 551/2c; No. 3 red, 52c; re-jected, 40@50c; wagon, 54c. Corn-No. 1 white, 36c; No. 2 white, 36 No: 3 white, 36c for one color, 354, for grade; No. 2 white mixed, 351/9c; No. white mixed, 351/2c; No. 4 white mixed, 31c; No. 2 yellow, 35½c; No. 3 yellow, 35½c; No. 4 yellow, 30½c; No. 2 mixed, 35½c; No. 3 mixed, 351/4c; No. 4 mixed, 31c; ear corn,

Oats-No. 2 white, 32½c; No. 3 white, 32c; No. 2 mixed, 31c; No. 3 mixed, 29½c; rejected, 23%r25c Hay-Choice timothy, \$11.50; No. 1, \$11.25; No. 2, 39; No. 1 prairie, \$6.50; mixed, \$8; clover, \$7@7.50 per ton. Rye-No. 2, 45c for car lots; 40c for wagon Bran, \$13.

Poultry and Other Produce.

(Prices Paid by Shippers.)

Poultry-Hens, 6c per 1b; young chick-ens, 6c per 1b; turkeys, old toms, 4c per hens, 7c per lb; fancy fat young toms turkeys, 5c; poor, 4c; ducks, 64c per 1b; geese, \$4.20@4.80 per doz for choice. Eggs-Shippers paying 13c. Butter-Extra, 10@12c; mixed, 8@10c.

Feathers-Prime geese, 40c per lb; mixed Beeswax-20c for yellow; 15c for dark. Wool-Unwashed medium wool, 15c; unwashed coarse or braid, 13@15c; unwashed

fine merino, 10@13c; tub-washed, 18@20c; burry and cotted wool, 5c to 10c less than above prices. Following is the price list for central and northern Indiana and Ohio for prime skins: Extra coon, \$1@2; large coon, 80c; medium

coon, 60c; small coon, 40c; large mink, \$1.10; medium mink, 80c; small mink, 60c; black skunk, \$1.30; half stripe skunk, 80c; narrow stripe skunk, 40c; broad stripe skunk, 20c; opossum, 5@25c; rat, 3@13c; red fox, 50@ \$1.25; gray fex, 40065c; otter, \$308; Kentucky skins, 10@20 per cent. lower than prices quoted above. HIDES, TALLOW, ETC.

Hides-No. 1 green hides, 24c; No. 1 G. S. hides, 31/2c; No. 2 G. S. hides, 21/2c; No. 1 calf hides, 5c; No. 2 calf hides, 314c. Tallow-No. 1 tallow, 4%c; No. 2 yellow, 4c. Grease-White, 41/2c; yellow, Jac; brown,

Bones-Dry, \$12@13 per ton. THE JOBBING TRADE.

(The quotations given below are the selling prices of wholesale dealers.)

Canned Goods. Peaches - Standard 3-pound, \$1.85@2; 3pound seconds, \$1.30@1.40; 2-pound pie, 90@ 56c; California standard, \$2.25@2.50; California seconds, \$1.85@2. Miscellaneous-Black-2-pound, 90@95e; raspberries, 2-\$1.20@1.25; pineapple standard, 2oysters, 1-pound full weight, %cuti; light, 5@70e; 2-pound full, \$1.80@1.90; light, \$1.10@ 1.20; string beans, \$5@95c; Lima beans, \$1.10

FIRM TO THE CLOSE ries, \$1.20@1.25; strawberries, \$1.20@1.30; sal- \$12@12.50; block tin, in pigs, 25c; in bars, 27c. | mon (fbs), \$1.45@2.20; 3-pound tomatoes, \$1.15 | Iron-27 B iron, 3c; C iron, 4c; galvanized,

Candies and Nuts. Candies-Stick, 61/2c per 15; common mixed, Pac; G. A. R. mixed, 74c; Banner mixed 0c; cream mixed, 10c; old-time mixed, 74c Nuts-Soft-shelled almonds, 18c; English walnuts, 15c; Brazil ruts, 12c; filberts, 11c; peanuts, roasted, 7@8c; mixed nuts, 14c.

Coal and Coke. Anthracite coal, all sizes, \$7.50 per ton; Pittsburg and Raymond City, \$4.25 per ton; Jackson, \$4.25; block, \$3.25; Island City, \$3; Blossburg and English cannel, \$5. All nut coals 50c below above quotations. Coke - Connellsville, \$3.75 per load; crushed, \$3.25 per load; lump, \$3 per load. Dried Fruits.

Figs-Layer, 14@15c per lb. Peaches-Common sun-dried, 6%@7c per Ib; common evaporated, 19@1ic; California, choice, 1114@12c; California, fancy, 1214@13c. Apricots-Evaporated, 16@18c. Prunes-California, 7@12c per lb.

Currants-31/204c per lb. Raisins-Loose Muscatel, \$1.25@1.35 per box; London layer, \$1.35@1.45 per box; Valencia, 808%c per lb; layer, 9010c. Drugs.

Alcohol, \$2.20@2.40; asafetida, 40c; alum, 4@5c; camphor, 60@65c; cochineat, 50@55c chloroform, 60@65c; copperas, bris, 85c@\$1; cream tartar, pure, 26@28c; indigo, 80@90c; icorice, Calab., genuine, 30@45c; magnesia, carb., 2-oz, 25@35c; morphine, P. & W., per \$2.45; madder, 16@18c; oil, castor, per don was a moderate seller of St. Paul, but | gal, \$1.28@1.30; oil, bergamot, per lb, \$3.25 at times the buying was good. After a loss of 1% on Sugar from Thursday's close Fr., 12@16c; soda, bicarb., 4%@6c; salts, Epson, 4@5c; sulphur, flour, 5@6c; saltpeter, som, 4@5c; sulphur, flour, 5@6c; saltpeter, 16@20c; 8@20c; turpentine, 36@40c; glycerine, 16@20c; iodide potassium, \$3@3.10; bromide potasslum, 40@45c; chlorate potash, 29c; borax, 12014c; cinchonidia, 12015c; carbolic acid,

Oils-Linseed, 51@54c per gal; coal oil, le gal test, 7@14c; bank, 40c; best straits, 50c; Labrador, 60c; West Virginia lubricating, 20@30c; miners', 45c. Lard oils-Winter strained in barrels, 75c per gal; in half barrels, 3c per gal extra.

Dry Goods. Bleached Sheetings-Androscoggin L, 6c; Berkeley, No. 60, 8½c; Cabot, 6½c; Capital, 6½c; Cumberland, 7¼c; Dwight Anchor, 7¼c; Fruit of Loom, 7½c; Farwell, 7c; Fitchville, 6c; Full Width, 51/2c; Gilt Edge, 51/2c; Gilded Age, 7c; Hill, 7c; Hope, 61/2c; Lin-Gilded Age, 7c; Hill, 7c; Hope, 6½c; Linwood, 7½c; Lonsdale, 7½c; Lonsdale Cambric, 10c; Masonville, 7½c; Peabody, 5¾c; Pride of the West, 114c; Quinebaugh, 64c; Star of the Nation, 6c; Ten Strike, 54c; Pepperell, 9-4, 18c; Pepperell, 10-4, 20c; An-

droscoggin, 9-4, 201/2c; Androscoggin, 19-4, Brown Sheetings-Atlantic A, 61/4c; Argyle, 6c; Boott C. 4%c; Buck's Head, 6%c; Clifton CCC, 51/2c; Constitution, 40-inch, 71/2c; Carlisle, 40-inch, 7c; Dwight, Star, 71/c; Great Falls E, 6c; Great Falls J, 5c; Hill Fine, 7c; Indian Head, 6½c; Lawrence LL, 4%c; Lockwood B, 5½c; Pepperell R, 5%c; Pepperell E, 614c; Peppereil, 9-4, 16c; Pepperell, 10-4, 18c; Androscoggin, 9-4, 18/2c;

Androscoggin, 10-4, 2015c. Prints-Allen dress styles, 4%c; Allen's staples, 4%c; Allen TR, 5c; Allen robes, 4c: American indigo, 44c; Arnold LLC, Nge; Arnold LCB, 8½c; Arnold Gold Seal, Nge; Cocheco fancy, 5c; Chocheco madheço lancy, 50, 4%c; Hamilton fancy, 5%c; Merrimac Manchester fancy, 5½c; Merrimac pinks and purples, 6c; Pacific fancy, 5½c; Pacific robes, 6c; Pacific mourning, 5½c; Simpson Eddystone, 5½c; Simpson Berlin solids, 5½c; Simpson's oil finish, 6c; Simpson's grays, 5½c; Simpson's mournings, 5½c. Ginghams—Amoskeag staples, 5c; Amoskeag Persian Dress, 61/2c; Bates Warwick Dress, 64c; Johnson BF Fancies, 84c; Lan-5c: Lancaster Normandles, Carrolton, 4%c; Renfrew Dress, 71/2c; Whittenton Heather, 61/2c; Calcutta Dress styles,

Kidfinished Cambrics-Edwards, 4c; Warren. 3%c; Slater, 3%c; Genesee, 3%c. Tickings—Amoskeag, ACA, 12c; Conestoga, BF, 13½c; Cordis, 140, 13½c; Cordis, FT, 12½c; Cordis, ACE, 12½c; Hamilton, awning, 10c; Kimono Fancy, 17c; Lenox Fancy, 18c; Metheun, AA, 12c; Oakland, AF, 64c; Portsmouth, 114c; Susquehanna, 214c; Shetucket SW, 71/2c; Shetucket F, 8c; Swift River, 51/20 Grain Bags-Amoskeag, \$13.50; American. 313.50; Franklinville, \$16.50; Harmony, \$13.50; Stark, \$17.50.

Sugars—Hard sugars, 4%@51/c; confectioners' A, 41/2045/c; off A, 41/2043/c; A, 41/4 @43/c; extra C, 40/41/c; yellow C, 31/2034/c; dark yellow, 31/4031/40. Coffee—Good, 201/4021c; prime, 22/923c; strictly prime, 24/926c; fancy green and yellow, 26@27c; ordinary Java, 29@30c; old government Java, 32@33c; roasted, 1-pound packages, 23%c. Molasses and Syrups-New Orleans molasses, fair to prime, 20@40c; choice, 40@ Spices-Pepper, 16@18c; allspice, 12@15c; deves, 20@25c; cassia, 10@12c; nutmegs, 70@

Rice - Louisiana, 4054c; Carolina, 440 Honey-New York stock, 1-pound sections, 6/118c per lb. Beans-Choice hand-picked navy, \$202.10 per bu; medium hand-picked, \$1.30@2; imas, California, 4c per 1b. Salt-In car lots, 80@85c; small lots, 90@ Twine-Hemp, 12@18c per lb; wool, 8@10c; flax, 20@30c; paper, 15c; jute, 12@15c; cotton, Shot-\$1.15@1.20 per bag for drop.

Lead-61/207c for pressed bars. Wooden Dishes-No. 1, per 1,000, \$2.20; No. \$2.50; No. 3, \$2.80; No. 5, \$3.50. Flour Sacks (paper)—Plain, 1-32 brl, per 1,000, \$3.50;1-16 brl, \$5;; 36 brl, \$8; 46 brl, \$16; No. 2 drab, plain, 1-32 brl, per 1,000, \$4.25; 1-16, \$6.50; 16, \$10; 16, \$20; No. 1 cream, plain, 1-32, per 1,000, \$7; 1-16, \$8.75; 1/8, \$14.50; 1/4 \$28.50. Extra charge for printing Woodenware-No. 1 tubs, \$6.50@7; No. 2 tubs, \$5.50@6; No. 3 tubs, \$4.50@5; 3-heop pails, \$1.60@1.65; 2-hoop pails, \$1.35\(\pi\)1.40; double washboards, \$2.25\(\pi\)2.75; common washboards, \$1.50@1.85; clothes pins, 50@85c

Leather. Leather-Oak sole, 28@38c; hemlock sole, 22@28c; harness, 26@38c; skirting, 31@32c single strap, 41c; black bridle, per doz, 860 @95; fair bridle, \$60@78 per doz; city kip, 55@75c; French kip, 85c@\$1.10; city calfskins, 85c@\$1; French calfskins, \$1@1.80.

Flour. Straight grades, \$2.50@2.75; fancy grades, 1.7543; patent flour, \$3.2593.75; low grades, Iron and Steel.

e; nail rod, 6e; plow slabs, 3c; American cast steel, 8c; tire steel, 2%@3c; spring steel, Nails and Horseshoes. Steel cut nails, \$1.25; wire nails, \$1.25 rates; horseshoes, per keg. \$3.75; mule shoes, per

keg, \$4.75; horse nails, \$465.

Bar iron, \$1.50@1.60; horseshoe bar, 2%@

Oil Cake. Oil cake, \$25.25 per ton; oil meal, \$25.25. Produce, Fruits and Vegetables. Brocoli or Kale-75c@\$1 per brl. Cranberries—Jersey, \$6.50@7 per brl. Apples—Northern Spies, \$7; Baldwins and Greenings, No. 1, \$6@6.50; No. 2, \$4.25@4.50

Cabbage-\$1.50@2 per brl, according to quality. Florida cabbages, \$2.50 per crate. Sweet Potatoes-Eastern Jerseys, \$3.75@4; Cobden, \$3.50. Onions-85@90c per bu, or \$2@2.25 per brl; new Bermudas, \$2.75@3 per bu box. Grapes-Malaga, \$36 per keg, according quality Potatoes-\$202.25 per brl; from car, 60065c per bu; from store, 65/270c per bu; seed potatoes, Early Rose, 85c per bu; Ohio, \$1.10 Florida Pineapples-Medium, \$1@1.50 per doz; extra size, % Bananas-\$1.25@1.75 per bunch, according to size and quality. Lemons -Choice, \$3 per box; fancy, \$3.50. Chees New York full cream, 12@14c; skims, 507c per 1b. Florida Oranges-\$2.75@3 per box, according to size and quality; California navel, \$2.75@3 per box. Cider-Duffy brand, 32-gal brl, \$5; 16-gal bri. \$3. Sauer Kraut-\$5@5.50 per brl; \$3 per half Onlon Sets-White, \$3.75@4.25; red and yel-

low, \$2,75223 per bu. New tomatoes, \$7,50@7.75 per case. Cucumbers, \$1.50@1.75 per doz. Strawberries, 33@35c per quart. Maple Molasses-90ca31 per gallon. Provisions. Bacon-Clear sides, 40 to 50 ths average, Stee; 30 to 40 lbs average, 9c; 20 to ths average, 9@9%c; clear bellies, 18 to 20 ths average, 814@8%c; 14 to 16 lbs average,

9c; 12 lbs average, 916010c; clear backs, 20 to 25 lbs average, 816084c; 12 to 20 lbs average, 84609c; light, 9 to 10 lbs average, Shoulders-English-cured, 12 lbs average, 81/481/4c; 16 lbs average, 81/481/4c. Hams-Sugar-cured, 18 to 20 fbs average, 100/1014c; 18 ibs average, 101/2c; 15 fbs average, 10%@11c; 121 ths average, 11%@11%c; 10 ths average, 11%@12c; block hams, 10%c; all first grades; seconds, 140% e less. California Hams-Sugar-cured, 10 to 12 lbs average, 836 Boneless Ham-Sugar-cured, 9@914c.

Pickled Pork-Bean pork, clear, per bri 200 lbs. \$15@16.50; family pork, \$15.50; rump Breakfast Bacon-Clear, firsts, 11%@12%c; Lard-Kettle-rendered, in tierces, 8%@ o: pure lard, 84084c.

Seeds. Clover-Choice recleaned, 60-1b bu, \$4.75% prime, \$4.50/44.75; English choice, \$4.754 prime, \$4.50665; Alsike, choice, \$7.50648; Alfalfa, choice, \$5.1005.35. Timothy, 45-1b bu, choice, \$202.15; strictly prime, \$1.8502. Bluegrass-Fancy, 14-15 bu, \$1.15@1.20; extra clean, 85@90c. Orchard grass-Extra,\$1.65@ 1.75. Red top-Choice, 50@60c; extra clean choice, \$292.25; cove 28040c. English bluegrass, 24-tb bu, \$2.400

Best brand charcoal tin IC, 10x14, 14x20, \$1.30; peas, marrowfat, \$1.10@1.20; early | 12x12, \$7647.50; 1X, 10x14, 14x20 and 12x12, \$9@ | keeping and dishes and plates warm, June, \$1.25@1.50; lobsters, \$1.85@2; red cher- | 6.50: IC 14x20, roofing tin. \$5@6.50: IC, 20x28, | will prevent all danger of overheating.

Iron-27 B iron, 3c; C iron, 4c; galvanized, 70 per cent. discount. Sheet zinc, 5% 6c. Copper, bottoms, 20c. Planished copper, 24c. Solder, 15@16c.

REAL-ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Eight Transfers Yesterday, with a Total Consideration of \$16,100. Instruments filed for record in the recorder's office of Marion county, Indiana, for the twenty-four hours ending at 5 p. m., March 9, 1894, as furnished by Theo. Stein, abstracter of titles, Hartford Block, No. 86 East Market street.

John H. Masters to Francis W. Helms, lot 37, in Floral Park addition...... \$400 Levi Gresh to Mary E. Davis, northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 4, township 16, range 3.. 2,300 Levi Gresh to Amanda Jane Davis, southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 4, township 16,

range 3..... Caroline Stage to William A. Stage, lot 6, in square 2, in S. A. Fletcher, jr.'s northeast addition..... Emma E. Powell to Peter Sindlinger, lot 51, in Daugherty's subdivision of outlot 99.... William Gladden to John W. Gladden. south half of the west half of the northwest quarter of section 9, town-

part of lots 40 and 41, in McGinnis's subdivision of Hanna's heirs' addi-Charles Lichtenberg to Henry Rosenbrook, part of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 32, township 16, range 5...... 2,500

Melvin M. Reser to Anna N. Mitchell,

ship 15, range 2.....

Transfers, 8; consideration.......\$16,100 SHIELDS WAS ONCE NONPLUSSED. He Meant to Join the Fenians, but Thought Better of It.

Many years after the close of the Union

J. M. Tobin, in Donahoe's Magazine.

war I was riding in the train from Hartford in company with General Shields. said to him: "General, you never joined the Fenians, yet we young men always felt you were ready to fight for Ireland if the opportunity offered."
"I would," he responded with animation, "but I will tell you my own experience about secret movements against England. Some time after the Mexican war I was vet in commission in military service, and stationed at St. Louis. The adherents of the young Ireland party of 1848, in the North, brought pressure upon the War Department to grant me a leave of absence. visited New York, and after a conference with the leaders, with their assistance I selected two men, each unknown to the other. I kept them in different quarters of the Astor House for some days, training them verbally on what I wanted them to ent section. I desired to know what were the military equipments and arms in the hands of the patriots organized in clubs and other bodies, and the warlike resources attainable in the country. They returned and reported. There was no means at all sufficient with which to begin a war. "On my way back I stopped at Washington to visit the War Department, I received a friendly invitation one day from the British minister, Napier, an Irishman, you know-with whom I was on friendly personal terms before I went to Mexicoto take tea with him the same evening. I accepted. After supper he took me into his library, and, putting the stars of a major general on my shoulder, he said: "Jim, no Irishman in the world felt prouder of your winning those stars than I; but it is fortunate for you the kind of man that in my person represents the British government in this country. I want you to continue to wear in honor the uniform that has covered you in your glorious deeds in Mexico; but, my dear fellow, at any time with-in the past few weeks, I could have had your stars razed and the uniform pulled off your back had I raised my finger in protest against your conspiracy." "Well, I was astonished, but was entirey confounded when he told me of my whole proceedings in New York; and told me of everywhere my two sworn men went to Ireland. He had everything as accurate as their reports to me."

Stock Statistics.

Philadelphia Record. The statistics of the United States Agricultural Department show some curiosities in the value of farm animals, and the figures are enormously large. For instance, the horses in this country number over 16,000,000 and are valued at \$769,000,000 (using round numbers), the average value per head being \$47.83. Iowa is the banner State, with 1,367,000 horses, closely followed by Illinois, Texas, Missouri, Kansas and Ohio, in the order named. Rhode Island's horses average the highest in price, in proportion to number, each horse being valued at \$95.43, while New Mexico ranks the lowest, the average being but \$15.80. Missouri, Texas, Tennessee and Georgia lead on mules, the former State holding the highest honor, with nearly 259,000 mules, valued at \$45.91 each. These prices are quoted to January, 1891, and, as compared with 1893, show a decrease of 125,-000 horses in the United States and a decrease in value for 1894 of \$223,000,000, the average price last year was \$61.22, while this year, as stated, the average is but \$47.83, the difference in price representing

an enormous shrinkage in the value of the There are almost the same number of cows as horses, the cows slightly leading but the value of each cow is but \$21.77. the total value being \$559,000,000. New York leads, having 1,572,000 cows, with Iowa and Illinois second and third, the highest prices being obtained in New Jersey, where the average is \$35.20, with Arkansas lowest, at \$10.76. There are 45,000,000 sheep, valued at \$1.98 each, the total value being about \$89,000,000. There are also 45,000,000 hogs. valued at \$5.98 each, the total being over \$270,000,000. California has the most sheep, 3,900,000, with Texas close up, her proportion being 3,800,000. Ohio, Oregon, New Mexico, Montana and Michigan follow, New Jersey leading in price, at \$4.08 per sheep, and Alabama the lowest, at \$1.22. Compared with 1893, cows have increased 63,000, and are also a small fraction higher in value on the average, the total increase in valve being over \$2,000,000. Sheep have largely decreased in number as well as in yet the decrease in the value of each sneep is but 68 cents and of each hog 43 cents. The total value of horses, cows (oxen and other cattle also), sheep and swine amount to the enormous sum of \$2,170,000,-000. This does not include poultry and eggs, which would probably add 25 per cent, more to the total sum. The shrinkage in value, compared with 1893, is \$312,-000,000, of which the horses are responsible for the larger share. The stock interests of this country, large as they appear, are really less than they should be. With the use of improved breeds the value of the cattle and sheep could be more than doubled. This is shown in the average for swine (\$5.98), which is quite large, owing to the great improvements made in the breeds of swine within the past two decades. It is gratifying to know that cattle have held their prices and numbers, as it demonstrates a greater and growing interest in that direction.

Care of Tableware.

Domestic Monthly. If one has a common allowance of skill and prudence there is nothing easier than the care of fine china or glass, and with little or no risk of loss. The finest kinds are always well annealed or seasoned before being put into the market for sale, whereas all the inferior kinds must go through a process of seasoning after they are purchased, because every housekeeper should know that otherwise they could not endure the sudden change of temperature from heat to cold that they will be daily exposed to when put to their legitimate use. They should, before being used at all, be put into a kettle of cold water, placed over the fire and the water brought to a boiling point gradually. Then set the kettle off the fire, and let them cool slowly in some safe place where they can remain all night. If wood ashes can be obtained it will greatly strengthen the crockery if a double handful is thrown in the kettle while the water is cold, then put the dishes in and put over the fire to boil. But the finest china ware needs no such seasoning. It is so thoroughly annealedor should be-before leaving the manufacturer's hands, that it can be washed in boiling water without danger, except in cold. frosty weather, when everything is chilled. Then the best annealed ware will be destroyed if put suddenly into boiling water; but let it set in a pan of tepid water, let it stand in it till all the chill leaves it and it | freely. The close was at 146%c net defeels warm, and then it may be washed in hot water and receive no harm. Any glass or china that is gilded-even that kind that is thought most durabl must be gently washed in hot water, then rinsed in cold and set to drain. It should never be rubbed with a cloth. After it is rinsed, turned down and drained and dried, 2, 37c; No. 2, delivered, 38c; No. 3, 3612c; No. if not perfectly clear, it may be gently 2 white, 3812c; No. 3 white, 3712c; track rinsed, turned down and drained and dried. wiped with a thin, soft cloth or silk, kept | mixed Western, 38/239c; track white Westfor that and no other purpose. But rubbing ern, 39@421/c; track white State, 39@421/c. or attempting to polish will very soon in- Options were dull and weaker with the jure the gilding. If, by accident or care- other markets, closing 150 net decline; lessness, the gilding does become tarnished. a little whiting on chamois skin may be closed at 25%c; May, 34%@35%c, closing at gently used. But it is a pity if any such cleansing becomes necessary. Every one expects all dining plates and | Leather inactive. platters to be warmed for hot meats, whether the common ware or the best of china, but neither should become hot. It not only is disagreeable to handle, both for the carver and guest, but will ruin all dishes of every grade and condition. If there is no heater a tin case, with shelves, set near the heater or register, or in a closet connected with the heaters in the kitchen, is a good arrangement for

keeping une dishes and plates warm, and

REACTION IN WHEAT

Which Led to Lower Prices in All the Chicago Pits.

Corn and Oats Couldn't Resist the Pressure and Provisions Underwent a Perfect Slump.

CHICAGO, March 9.- The principal speculative markets were all weak to-day. Wheat took the lead, but corn, oats and provisions, each, in their turn, challenged the leader, and all, with the exception of wheat, came in bunched together at about the bottom of the day's course. Wheat closed at a recovery of %c from the lowest point touched, but %c lower than it closed. point touched, but %c lower than it closed yesterday. Corn and oats are each 1/2c lower and pork 20c lower. Fear that the government's estimate of wheat in farmers' hands would exceed 100,000,000 bushels was the principal reason assigned for the weak-

The wheat market acted weak during the greater part of the first hour. The weather was fine, and with plenty of moisture in the ground, nothing more could be desired for a splendid start for winter wheat and the prospective seeding of the spring crops. That was the only element of weakness in the influences which usually come on the market at the opening. When the figures representing yesterday's Atlantic seaboard clearances began to be received the earlier weakness was partially recovered. When the total of the exports from the four principal Atlantic ports was found to amount to nearly 600,000 bushels in wheat and flour a decline of %c, which had occurred from the highest point touched at the opening, recovered. There were a few sales of May at 60c at the start, then a decline to 59%c, followed by a recovery to 60c before 11 o'clock. A sale of 80,000 bushels of No. 3 red winter by a local handler of cash wheat to an Eastern firm at 1/2c higher than was procurable three or four days ago, when May was quoted Ic above the price ruling this morning, was likewise a factor in creating more confidence. Closing cables were weak, Liverpool, Antwerp and Paris all sending lower quotations. This resulted in do for me in Ireland, giving each a differ- | another weak spell in the market here, durwhich the price for May declined to 5912c, but on some fresh export business being reported from New York the market recovered some and closed at 59% @59%c.

Corn was fairly steady for about five minutes after the opening, but later it participated in the weakness in wheat. The receipts were only 268 cars, and the estimates for to-morrow only 206 cars. The Liverpool market was quoted firm and 4d higher, and the export clearances reported from the seaboard were 261,000 bushels. But Patten Brothers, who had been conspicuous buyers for two or three days, were sellers to-day, and some others who had been buyers under what appeared to be much less encouraging circumstances, took the opposite course to-day. The opening price was 37%c, and by noon it had melted away to 371/ac. The market was at practically the lowest point of the day as the session was ending. There were sellers of May at 37%c. Oats were also lower. Holders were offer-ing freely and a big business was done. Patten Brothers and Bartlett-Frazier each sold in the neighborhood of 250,000 bushels while Hess bought fully 300,000 bushels. Merrill & Lyons were also free buyers. There was besides considerable short buying in smaller lots. The decline in values was principally due to the weakness in wheat and corn. May opened a shade off from yesterday's latest quotations, at 30% @31c touched 31c and gradually declined to 301/20 It was offered at 30%c at the close. July sold from 29c to 28c.

It was a liquidation by longs in the pro vision market to-day. Hog receipts did not exceed yesterday's moderate estimates, and the report from the yards indicated a good demand for them at previous prices. There was a considerable break in prices before shorts were tempted by their profits to come as buyers. Many stop loss orders on long stuff were reached on the decline, and it was only buying by shorts which prevented the drop from being more sensational. Baldwin covered from 7,000 to 8,000 barrels of pork on the break and the Cudahy Packing Company also covered a round lot There was a moderate recovery from the lowest price named, which the shorts again took advantage of to put out their lines again, and closing prices were near the bottom. Compared with last night May pork is 20c lower, May lard .10c lower and May ribs .121/2c lower. Estimated receipts for to-morrow are

Wheat, 60 cars; corn, 206 cars; oats, 142 cars; logs, 11,000 head. Leading futures ranged as follows: Open- High- Low- Clos-Articles. ing. est. Wheat-March . 57% May July Corn-March ... May Oats-March May Pork-May\$11.50 \$11.521/4 \$11.35 July 11.571/2 11.571/2 11.421/2 11.45 Lard-March ... 6.90 May 6.871/2 6.871/2 July 6.80 5.971/2 Ribs-May 5.974 July 5.971/2 5.971/2 Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady and unchanged. No. 2 spring wheat, 57%c; No. 3 spring wheat, 55@57c; No. 1 57%c. No. 2 corn, 35%c. No. 2 oats, 30c; No. 2 white, \$2\\@33\\c: No. 3 white, 3114@321/2c. No. 2 rye, 4514@453/4c. No. 2 bar-ley, nominal; No. 3, 48@57c; No. 4, 43@50c. No. 1 flaxseed, \$1.31. Prime timothy seed, Mess pork, per brl, \$11.30@11.35. Lard, per 1b, 6.90@6.921/2c. Short-rib sides (loose), 5.871/2/05.921/2c. Dry-salted shoulders (boxed), value, and the same may be said of swine, 606.25c. Short-clear sides (boxed), 6.371/20 Whisky, distillers' finished goods, On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was quiet; creameries 16@

tle; dairies, 13@19c. Eggs firm; strictly Receipts-Flour, 12,000 brls; wheat, 42,000 bu; corn, 279,000 bu; oats, 176,000 bu; rye, 6,000 bu; barley, 22,000 bu. Shipments-Flour, 15,000 bu; wheat, 29,000 bu; corn, 216,-000 bu; oats, 181,000 bu; rye, 4,000 bu; barley, 23,000 bu.

AT NEW YORK.

Ruling Prices in Produce at the Seaboard's Commercial Metropolis. NEW YORK, March 9 .- Flour-Receipts.

24,500 brls; exports, 35,800 brls; sales, 11,100 packages. The market was about steady, but very quiet, everybody awaiting the government report of farmers' supplies. There was a little demand for the low winters for export to-day. Rye flour steady. Buckwheat flour nominal at \$2.25. Buckwheat nominal. Cornmeal steady. Rye nominal. Barley dull. Barley malt dull.

Wheat-Receipts, 2,000 bu: exports, 134,000 bu; sales, 1,830,000 bu futures, 184,000 bu spot. Spots were weaker; No. 2, in elevator, 61%e; afloat, 63%e; f. o. b., 63%e; No. 1 Northern, 68%c; No. 1 hard, 72%c. Options opened weaker under long selling, due to lower Northwestern markets and continued fine weather, rallied a little at noon on big export clearances, but soon sold off again, the decline being helped by lower cables. The market was dull at all foreign ports, closing weak at 1/20%c net decline; No. 2 red, March, 61% 661%c, closing at 61%c; May, 63% 264c, closing at 63%c; June, 63% (165%c, closing at 63%c; July, 66%c, closing at 66c; August closed at 66%c; September closed at 68c; December, 7114@711/2c, closing at 71%c. Corn-Receipts, 8,500 bu; exports, 4,200 bu; sales, 565,000 bu futures, 92,000 bu spot. Spots were easier; No. 2, in elevator, 431/4c; afloat, 444c. Option market opened lower with wheat and ruled weak all day, with

long stuff coming on the market quite cline; March, 43@434c, closing at 434c; 42% @42%c, closing at 42%c; May, 42 11-16@43c, closing at 42%c; July, 44@44%c, closing at 41c. Oats-Receipts, 70,400 bu; exports, 21,700 bu; sales, 260,000 bu futures, 26,000 bu spot. Spots were very dull and 4c lower; No. March, 351/2035%c, closing at 351/2c; April

Hay dull. Hops quiet. Hides slow. Beef quiet. Cut meats steady. Pickled 94c. Leard steady; Western steam closed at 7.32%c; sales 500 tierces at 7.32%c; March closed at 7:30c nominal; May closed at 7.20c nominal. Refined quiet. Pork quiet and easy; new mess, \$13@13.50; extra prime, \$12.50@13; family, \$14@14.50; short-clear, \$14.50@16.50. Butter firm and more active; Western dairy, 12@15c; Western creamery, 15722c; factory, 10@15c; Elgins, 22c; State dairy, 15@20c; State creamery, 14@17c, old,

Cheese steady; large, 94@12c; small, 1014 @13e; part skims, 31/2010e; full skims, 203c. Eggs easier; State and Pennsylvania, 18c; ice house, \$2@3 per case; Western fresh, 17% @18c; Southern, 16% @18c. Receipts, 7,626 Tallow active and steady; city (\$2 for

packages), 51/3c; country, (packages free),

Cotton seed oil rather more active for prime summer yellow, with sales of 500 bris at 31%c; market generally inactive and easier, with demand confined to small lots for local consumption; prime crude, 27@ 271/2c; prime crude, loose, 24/2/25c; off crude, 25/2/26c; butter grades, 35/2/26c; prime summer yellow, 31/2/2/32c; off summer yellow, 301/2@31c; prime white, 35@36c. Coffee-Options opened steady from unchanged to 5 points advance, ruled generalfirm throughout the session on strong Havre advices, and closed steady at 10@11 points net advance. Sales, 16,500 bags, including: March at 16.40c; April at 16@16.50c May at 15.80@15.90c; June, 15.55c; July, 15.20 No. 7, flat bean, to be shipped p. t.; 1,000 bags spot Santos; 2,400 Santos bags Maracalbo, p. t., and 300 bags Central Amercan,

Sugar-Raw firmer; sales, cargo centrif-ugal, 96 test, at 3 3-16c, cost and freight. Refined steady.

TRADE IN GENERAL.

Quotations at St. Louis, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Other Points. MINNEAPOLIS, March 9.-Wheat-Receipts from the country, 293 cars; shipments, 33 cars. Sales on track averaged about 60% c for No. 1 Northern owing to the decline in premium of cash above futures. May opened at 591/6c; July, 60%c, Closing; March, 601/8c; May, 56%/6567/8c; July, 601/8c. On track: hard, 611/9c; No. 1 Northern, 60c; No. 2, 581/2c. Reports from interior still show that farmers are moving but little wheat, due in some places to the lack of stocks to sell and in others to the indispo-sition on the part of farmers to accept the present prices. Local flour mills are grinding steadily at the rate of about 110,000 bu of wheat each twenty-four hours. At the rate it is coming in from the country considerable decrease is indicated in the country elevator stocks this week. Flour sales are yet dull, and Minneapolis millers are not selling the full production this week They hold prices steady at about \$3.45@3.65 for patents and \$1.75@2.10 for bakers. Most

patents are bringing about \$3.55@3.60, with

some sales above and below these figures

The bran market was steady, and although

production was quite large the demand

seems to keep pace with it, and millers are not troubled to make disposition of their entire output. PHILADELPHIA, March 9 .- Flour continued dull, with free offerings at former rates. Rye flour is in light request, but \$2.80 per bri for choice Pennsy Wheat market was weak and devania. clined 4c to 4c under lower reports from other grain centers, closing dull; No. 2 red March, 611/2/061%c; April, 62/062%c; May, 63/063%c; June, 63%/064%c. Car lots in export elevator, No. 2 Pennsylvania red, 63%c; No. 2 Delaware red, 631/2c; No. 2 red, 611/20 611/4c; steamer No. 2 red, 601/20/601/4c; No. 2 red, 58%c. Corn-The option market de-clined %c in sympathy with the West and ruled quiet. Foreign inquiry was moderate and limited to small lots for regular line steamers; No. 2 mixed March, 421/2@423/40 April, 42@42\\c; May, 42@42\\c; June, 42\\d 42\\c. Oats-The market for car lots ruled firm under light offerings, but there was not much demand. Futures were wholly nominal; No. 1 white March, 370374c; April, 37@37%c; May, 37@37%c; June, 37@ 37%c. Butter weak; creamery 1c lower; fancy Western creamery, 21c: Pennsylvania prints, 23e; jobbing, 24@25c. Eggs strong and higher; fresh nearby, 181/2c;

Western, 18@181/2c; Southern, 17@171/2c. ST. LOUIS, March 9.-Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat was weak throughout the day, closing %c off; No. 2 red, cash, 54%c; March, 54%c; May, 56%c; July, 58c. Cern was dull, cash closing firm; fut ires slightly off; No. 2 mixed, cash and March 34c; May, 34%@34½c; June, 34¾c; July, 35¼c. Oats easier and ½c off; No. 2, cash and March, 31½c; May, 31c. Rye, 47½c for No. 2, east side. Barley—Nothing doing. Bran higher at 71c, east track. Flaxseed, \$1.30. Clover seed higher at \$7.85@8.50. Hay unchanged. Butter firm and unchanged. Eggs weak at 12%c. Corn meal, \$1.70@1.75. Whisky, \$1.15. Cotton ties and bagging unchanged. Provisions lower and weak. Pork -Old Mess, \$12. Lard, prime steam, 6.90c. nominal. Dry-salt meats, 5.621/2c; longs and ribs, 5.95c; shorts, 6.10c; boxed, .15c higher. Bacon—Packed shoulders, 6.75c; longs, 6.87½c; ribs, 6.87½@7c; shorts, 7@7.12½c. Receipts—Flour, 3,000 brls; wheat, 8,000 bu; corn, 86,000 bu; oats, 20,000 bu; rye, Shipments-Flour, 8,000 brls; wheat, 1,000 bu; corn, 171,000 bu; oats, 14,000 bu.

BALTIMORE, March 9.-Flour steady. Wheat easy; spot, 60% 660%c; month, 60% 60 601/2c; May, 621/2062%c; July, 600/601/2c; steamer No. 2 red, 57c bid. Corn weak; spot, 41% @4114c; month, 4114@4114c; April, 4114@4114c; May, 414c bid; steamer mixed, 4014c bid. Oats strong and active; No. 2 white Western, 38@38½c; No. 2 mixed Western, 36@ 36½c. Rye firm and demand active; No. 2, 56 @58c. Butter dull; fancy creamery, 22c; fancy imitation, 18@19c.

TOLEDO, March 9.-Wheat quiet and steady; No. 2, cash and March, 581/2c; May, 60%c; July, 61%c. Corn dull but steady; No. 2 cash, 37c; May, 374c. Oats quiet; cash, 304c. Rye dull. Clover seed dull and lower; prime cash, \$5.45; March, \$5.35; April, \$5.30 Receipts-Flour, 500 brls; wheat, 10,500 bu; corn, 27,500 bu; clover seed, 822 bags. Shipments-Flour, 2,000 brls; wheat, 1,000 bu corn, 3,500 bu; oats, 500 bu; rye, 1,000 bu; clover seed, 1,087 bags.

CINCINNATI, March 9 .-- Wheat -- No. 2 red, 56%c. Receipts, 500 bu; shipments, 2,000 bu. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed, 38c. Oats higher: No. 2 mixed, 331/2c. Rye firm; No. 2, 53c. Pork dull at \$11.75. Lard weak at 6.35c. Bulk meats quiet at 6.121/2c. Bacon in light demand at 7.50c. Whisky firm; sales, 689 brls at \$1.15. Butter dull. Sugar steady. Eggs stronger at 13@13c. Cheese in moderate demand. NEW ORLEANS, March 9.-Spot cotton

easier. Sales, 1,750 bales; to arrive, 1,750 bales. Low ordinary, 5 11-16c; ordinary, 6 3-16c; common ordinary, 6 11-16c; low middling, 7 1-16c; middling, 7 5-16c; good middling, 79-16c; middling, fair, 81-16c; fair, 91sc. Receipts, 6,542 bales; exports to Great Britain, 6,360 bales; coastwise, 2,897 bales; stock, 252,484 bales.

DETROIT, March 9.-The market was quiet and closed firmer. Wheat-No. 1 white, 54c; No. 2 red, cash, 59c; May, 60%c; July, 60%c; No. 3 red, 56%c, Corn-No. 2, 38c. Oats -No. 2 white, 34c; No. 2 mixed, 32c. Rye-No. 2, 494c. Clover seed, \$5.40. Receipts-Wheat, 10,100 bu; corn, 2,800 bu; oats, 1,-

Wool. BOSTON, Mass., March 9.-The Com-

mercial Bulletin will say of the Boston wool market: The sales of the week were 2,411,-048 pounds domestic and 207,000 pounds foreign wool, against 2,749,300 pounds domestic and 22,500 pounds foreign last week and 1,-977,300 pounds domestic and 508,000 pounds foreign for the same week last year. The total sales to date show a decline from the sales of last year to date of 15,057,972 pounds. The receipts similarly show a decline of 60,661 bales. There has been but a moderate jobbing demand during the week. Over 250,000 pounds of Kentucky and Missouri wool have been sold, mostly at 20c for three-eighths and quarter blood. The scarcity of braid wool is a feature. Five leading mills have been buying delaine, paying 22c for Michigan and 24c for Ohio. The Pacific mills are in the market for medium territory, offering 13c for selections, Sales of this grade are improving. Only 3,679,766 pounds of wool were imported in January, 1894, against 15,701,297 in January, 1893.

NEW YORK, March 9 .- Wool dull; domestic fleece, 19@24c; pulled, 20@26c; Texas,

Dry Goods. NEW YORK, March 9.- The dry goods district shows a fair degree of activity without any improvement. Business is down to the actual wants of buyers, and as to cotton goods the recent decline in the price of raw material is making buyers conservative. Prices have not varied for any of the staple cottons. Print cloths on the basis of 2%c rule dull without pressure to sell. Prints and printed fabrics rule moderately active on out of town orders. Ginghams and woven wash goods are quiet. Dress goods and foreign dry goods must be of most seasonable character to sell, except in a small lot way. There is some talk of better conditions as to woolen goods, but any change is very slight. The jobbing trade shows some shrinkage as to volume without changes of consequence in prices, which, however, are somewhat irregular, demand being spasmodic.

OIL CITY, March 9.- National transit certificates opened at 82%c; highest, 83%c; lowest, 82%c; closed at 83%c. Sales, 8,000 brls; clearances, 3,000 bris; shipments, 68,835 brls; runs, 91,282 bris. PITTSBURG, March 9 .- National transit certificates opened at 82%c; closed at 83%c; highest, 83%c; lowest, 82%c. Sales, 1,000 brls.

NEW YORK, March 9 .- Petroleum firm;

United closed at 831/2c bid. Rosin steady.

Turpentine easier at 311/2@32c.

NEW YORK, March 9.-Pig iron dull; American, \$11.50@15. Copper steady: lake, 95kc. Lead strong; domestic, 3.19c. Tin firm; straits, 18,60c bid; plates steady. Spelter unchanged; domestic, 3.85c asked. ST. LOUIS, March 9.-Lead easier at 3.021/2c; spelter held at 3.50c.

LIVERPOOL, March 9.-Cotton-Spot in and prices easier; middling, 43-16d. The of coiffure was invented.

sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export, and included 8,300 American. NEW YORK, March 9 .- Cotton-Spot market dull and easy; middling uplands, 7%c; middling gulf, 7%c; total sales, 332 bales.

LIVE STOCK.

Cattle Dull at the Close-Hogs Active and Stronger-Sheep Stronger. INDIANAPOLIS, March 9 .- Cattle-Receipts, 500; shipments, 200. There was a light supply of all grades. The market opened active and at stronger figures, but closed dull, and it was hard to make sales at as good figures as the opening prices.

About all sold at the close. Good to choice shippers......\$3,85@4.25 Fair to medium shippers..... 3.40@3.70 Common shippers..... 2.75@3.25 Fesders, 900 to 1,100 lbs...... 3.1543.40 Stockers, 500 to 800 lbs...... 2.50@3.00 Fair to medium cows..... 2.00@2.50 Bulls, good to choice...... 2.50@3.00 Hogs-Receipts, 3,000; shipments, 1,766.

The quality was good. The market opened active at strong prices, packers and shippers buying, and closed quiet, with all sold. Heavy packing and shipping\$4.85@4.95 Mixed 4.85@4.95

Sheep and Lambs-Receipts, 100; no shipments. But few on sale. The market was stronger, and good grades, if here, would sell above quotations.

Common to medium..... 2.50@3.25 Bucks, per head...... 2.00@3.00

Elsewhere. NEW YORK, March 9.-Beeves-Receipts, ,801; on sale, 38 cars. The market was slow and 10c lower. Good to prime native steers, \$4.25@4.40; medium to fair, \$3.85@4.15; common to ordinary, \$3.521/2@3.80; poor cottonseed-oil-fed Texans, \$2.80; prime corn-fed Colorados, \$3.80; oxen, \$2.25@4; dry cows, \$1.50@3.05. Exports to Europe to-day, 150 beeves; to-morrow, 1,087 beeves, 500 sheep, 100 carcasses of mutton and 4,250 quarters of

Calves - Receipts, 25. The market was steady. Choice veals, 37@7.50. Sheep and Lambs-Receipts, 5,114; on sale, 22 cars. The market was steady. Good to prime sheep, \$3.25@3.70; ordinary to choice Hogs-Receipts, 3,845. Sales live quoted at

BUFFALO, March 9.-Cattle-Receipts, 2 cars, and 3 left over; no sales up to a late hour; outlook unfavorable. Hogs-Receipts, 14 carloads; Yorkers, good to choice, \$5.10@5.20; pigs, fair to best, \$5.20 @5.25; mixed packers, \$5.15@5.20; roughs, \$4.25

Sheep-Receipts liberal; with those held over made 8,000 on sale. The market was active; top wethers, \$2.75@4.25; good wethers, \$3.50@3.75; fair to good sheep, \$3@3.50; cuils, \$1.50@2.15; Canada sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50@4; choice to fancy lambs, \$4.40 @4.60; light to fair, \$3.40@3.85; culls and common, \$2.50@3.25. CHICAGO, March 9.-The Evening Jourral reports: Cattle-Receipts, 9,000; ments, 3,500. Market slow and 15@25c lower;

all the advance of the week lost; prime to extra steers, \$4.75@5; good to choice, \$4.25@ 4.50; others \$3@3.35; Texas, \$2.75@3.10. Hogs-Receipts, 18,000; shipments, 7,000. Market steady; rough heavy, \$4.25@4.60; rough packers and mixed, \$4.75@4.90; prime heavy and butcher weights, \$4.95@5.05; assorted light, \$4.95@5.05. Sheep and Lambs-Receipts, 7,000; shipments, 1,000. Market opened strong and closed weak; top sheep, \$3.25@3.85; top lambs,

KANSAS CITY, March 9.-Cattle-Receipts, 10,000; shipments, 2,000. The market was slow and steady; Texas steers, \$2.60@ 3.25; shipping steers, \$2.85@4.60; Texas cows, \$1.55@2.25; native cows, \$1.25@3; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@3.50; bulls, \$1.50@2.80. Hogs-Receipts, 10,000; shipments, 9,000. The market was 5@10c lower; bulk of sales, \$4.70@4.72½; heavies, packers and mixed, \$4.40@4.75; lights, \$4.50@4.55; Yorkers and pigs not quoted. Sheep-Receipts, 1,000; shipments, none. The market was about steady. ST. LOUIS, March 9.-Cattle-Receipts 1,000; shipments, 1,000. Market dull and and about steady; native steers, 1,100 fbs,

\$3.20; cows, \$2.25@2.65; Texas steers, light, Hogs-Receipts, 4,000; shipments, 2,000 Market active, strong and 5c higher; good heavy, \$4.85@4.90; mixed, \$4.70@4.80; rough and common light, \$4.50 and below. Sheep-Receipts, 500; shipments, 200. Market steady and firm; native and mixed, \$3.25 @3.30; lambs, \$4. EAST LIBERTY, March 9.-Cattle-Receipts, 1,760; shipments, 1,200. There was

nothing doing in the market; all through consignments. No cattle shipped to New York to-day. Hogs-Receipts, 2,800; shipments, 2,500. Fair to best, \$5@5.25; eight cars shipped to New York to-day. Sheep-Receipts, 500; shipments, 400. The market was steady and unchanged. LOUISVILLE, March 9.-Cattle firm extra shipping, \$2.75@4; best butchers', \$3.25 13.50; fair to good butchers', \$2.50@3; feed-The hog market was steady; choice pack-

ing, \$4.80@4.90; good to extra light, \$4.80@ 4.90; roughs, \$4.25@4.50. Sheep and Lambs-Receipts light and market unchanged. CINCINNATI March 9.-Cattle firm

\$1,50@4.25. Receipts, 200; shipments, 100. Hogs steady at \$4.50@5.10. Receipts, 2,800; Sheep in fair demand at \$2@3.75. Lambs in fair demand at \$3@4.35. Receipts, 500; shipments none. Indianapolis Horse and Mule Market.

Heavy draft, good to extra.....\$65@100 Drivers, good to extra...... 80@125 Saddlers, good to extra..... 60@100 Southern horses and mares...... 35@ 60 Extra style and action bring better prices.

14% hands, extra, 4 to 7 years old..... 40% hands, extra, 4 to 7 years old...... 65@ 15 hands, good, 4 to 7 years old...... 50@ 60 15% hands, extra, 4 to 7 years old..... 90@100 151/2 hands, good, 4 to 7 years old..... 65@ 90 16 to 161/2 hands, good to extra, 4 to

WOMEN OF CLD EGYPT. They Had Much Freedom and They Used It to the Full Limit. Harper's Bazar.

The most ancient moralist that we know, the Egyptian Ptahhotpou, spoke of women as bundles of mischief and bags full of lies and wickedness. The testimony of the wall paintings of Thebes, of the bass-reliefs of Lougsor and of the antique papyri written by the remote predecessors of Boccaccio and Sacchetti goes to show that the ladies of old Egypt, with their plaited hair and jeweled bosoms, were ardent to attack and weak to resist. Princesses, daughters of the priestly class or peasants all resembled the wife of Potiphar, if we may believe the Ingenious stories, the popular tales and the golden legends which have for centuries amused the ennul of the mummles in their silent tombs, and which the modern readers of hieroglyphics are now deciphering for the better comprehension of the most ancient and perhaps the gayest of civiliza-tions. The Egypt of the Pharaohs is no longer figured in our imagination as a land of hieratic contemplation, but rather, like our own country, as a place of joy and of tears, of hopes and of fears, of illusions and emotions, a land peopled by human beings like ourselves, who laughed, sang, loved and passed. Modern erudition has even succeeded in deciphering love lyrics that were sung four or five thousand years ago on the banks of the Nile-lyrics in which the ancient Egyptians expressed the sentiments that devoured them-sometimes with exquisite sweetness, at other times with an exuberance and a boldness of imagination that alarm our more sober Western minds. The Egyptian made all nature participate in his amorous emotions-the song of the birds, the perfume of the flowers, the murmura of the breeze. Egyptian love is a manifestation of the joyous and splendid harmony of triumphant nature, but at the same time it is tempered by a vell of sadness, and by the ever-present consciousness of the fragility of things and the brevity of bliss. The Egyptian woman was almost the

equal of man; she was free to come and go, to tempt and to be tempted, and she made use of her privileges. The land of Potiphar's wife is not the land either of the harem or of the veil. It is in the palaces of Assyria that we must look for the harem. It is in the valleys of the Euphrates and the Tigris, in the cradle of civilization, that we shall find the veil, that emblem of modesty and submission which became one of the arms of coquetry almost as soon as it was invented. The first woman who saw her own image reflected in the still waters of the river, whether Pison, Gihon, Hiddekel or Euphrates, was the first coquette, and when she began to arrange her hair, to smooth it, to hide it with a veil or shawl, to conceal one part fair demand, but business only moderate of her face and to reveal another, the art

STILL HANGING FIRE

Dun & Co. Find Little Sign of the Promised Improvement.

Buvers, According to Bradstreet's, Are Figuring on Present Demand and Taking Few Risks.

NEW YORK, March 9.-R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says; Evidences of present improvement in business multiply, but confidence in future improvement does not seem to increase. There is more business and a larger production by industries, for the season has arrived when greater activity is necessary if dealers' stocks are to be replenished, and those who cannot make calculations beyond a few months are the more anxious to crowd as much trade as they safely can into those months. In some branches of distribution. however, there are indications of a diminishing demand for goods, and the evident preference for medium and low-priced articles with the known reduction in wages and family expenditures lead many to feel somewhat less confident that business will soon recover its former volume. Undertakings reaching beyond a short time are not made with freedom, and in spite of a larger present demand prices of manufactured goods tend downward. The most distinct gain is in iron and steel manufacture. The output of pig iron increased 10 per cent., though it is still 37.8 per cent. less than a year ago. Trade in bar iron is very unsatisfactory, rails are flat, and with a larger production of coke contracts are made at as low prices as ever.

Tin is lower, with London being quoted here at 18.5c, and copper does not improve. though lead is slightly higher.

Shipments of boots and shoes from the East are 14.8 per cent. smaller than a year ago for the same weeks, and purchases are still mainly of medium or low-priced goods. In textile manufactures and dry goods there is increased activity and replenishment of stocks, as is natural at this season. But the demand thus far falls short of expectations, and its character indicates great economy in consumption. In woolens, also, manufacturers are increasing production, mainly in a tentative way, or on orders which are little more than sufficient to test the market. In the past five weeks the decrease has been only 12 per cent., which is a marked improvement, in part due to the fact that the mills having any orders are buying at once what wool they

expect to need for months to come. Breadstuffs and oils have been stronger, provisions weaker and cotton hesitates. Wheat advanced 1/2c, Western receipts being only 2,116,087 bushels, against 3,359,100 last year, and Atlantic exports 1,102,170 bushels, against 775,192 last year. Corn receipts at the West were 3,815,150 bushels, against 2,140,981 last year, but the price rose nearly 1 cent. Lard and hogs both declined. Sales of cotton were larger at first, with some decline, which afterwards recovered. The recovery in the price of bar silver, which fell to 27d, but recovered to 27.3id, has affected prices. The volume of domestic trade shown by clearings decreases for the week only 17.4 per cent. outside of New York and 34.9 per cent. here, compared with last year. In foreign trade changes are also for the better, exports having been large, and for the week 14 per cent. larger than last year, while the decrease in imports for February was 37 per cent. Failures are growing less important and somewhat fewer also. For the week ending March the liabilities thus far reported were only \$2,937,832, and for four weeks of February \$14,886,091, of which \$6,732,615 were of manufacturing and \$7,697,127 of trading concerns. The number of failures during the past week has been 248 in the United States, against 193 last year, and sixty in Canada, against thirty-two last year.

Bradstreet's Review of Trade. NEW YORK, March 9.-Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: The comparatively less favorable report to the volume of sales and distribution of general merchandise emphasized last week remains, with some exceptions, practically unchanged. Bright and warmer weather has stimulated retail lines at a number of cities. Eastern shoe manufacturers report a slightly improved demand, and at a number of larger distributing centers jobbers in groceries, dry goods, hardware, hats, shoes and millinery report a steadily maintained inquiry, yet, with exceptions, numerous orders for small

amounts for immediate wants continue the rule. Favorable trade conditions center at Chicago and St. Louis, the former report-ing the best week's sale of dry goods for months, bringing the total for the year into favorable comparison with that in the like portion of last year. Jobbers in hats, millinery and dry goods at St. Louis also reprt continued improvement, with a favorable comparison thus far during the year with last year. Milwaukee bankers report increased demands for accomodation, and other evidences of improvement in trade, while at St. Paul

spring trade, although moderate, is in full

swing. Kansas City and Omaha make re-

ports which suggest a strong underlying

Gross earnings of eighty-three railroads in Feruary reported to Bradstreet's show a loss of 12.6 per cent. compared with February, 1893, that being a little greater than in January, when it was 12.4 per cent. less than in that month the year before. Southern and Southwestern railroads present heavier proportionate losses, the granger lines doing better than in January. While wheat, corn and oats advanced 4c, 1c and %c in price, respectively, this week, and cotton and sugar remained unchanged. domestic fleeces have again been shaded. cutting Australian wools out of the market, so far as competition as to price is concerned. Pig and shaped iron, steel billets and rails and iron ore have also been shaded again, in some instances making new low records, and pork has gone off 25 cents and lard 15c. Chicago advises that the loans of national banks there have in-

creased \$2,000,000 and total deposits \$13,000,-000 since December. Bradstreet's cable and telegraphed reports of available wheat stocks in the United States and Canada, affoat for and in Europe and in Australia show a net decline for last week of 4,700,000 bushels. Exports of wheat (flour included), both coasts, United States and Canada, amount to 2,-851,000 bushels this week, against 2,972,000 bushels last week, 2,894,000 bushels in the week a year ago and 3,754,000 bushels in the week two years ago. There are 14,000 bar-rels of flour included, shipped from San Francisco to Vladivostock. Trade in merchandise lines at Pittsburg s further restricted, collections are unsatisfactory and manufacturers of iron. steel and glass claim that little or no profit results from sales at present prices. At Cincinnati manufacturers do not report an improvement, although some jobbers do. A fair trade is experienced in a few lines at Cleveland, although a better outlook in manufacturing lines is announced at Louisville,

Detroit and Indianapolis. Early Depravity.

Chicago Tribune. "Papa," asked Tommy Goodman, "who was Cain's wife?" "Caroline," said the Rev. Dr. Goodman after an ominous pause, addressing his wife, "will you please hand me my heaviest slipper and leave the room? There is going to be a trial for heresy right here and right

Hey?

now.

Kansas City Journal. The President has returned from his pleasure trip and will now get down to sober business once more.

GOOD ADVICE.

Every patriotic citizen should give his personal effort and influence to increase the circulation of his home paper which teaches the American policy of Protection. It is his duty to aid in this respect in every way possible. After the home paper is taken care of, why not subscribe for the AMERICAN ECONOMIST, published by the American Protective Tariff League? One of its correspondents says: "No true American can get along without it. I consider it the greatest and truest political teacher in

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